AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 22, 2004

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2003-04 REGULAR SESSION

Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 239

Introduced by Assembly Member Runner Members Runner, Maze, and McCarthy

(Principal coauthor: Senator Ashburn)

May 26, 2004

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 239—Relative to the William J. "Pete" Knight Aerospace Highway.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 239, as amended, Runner. William J. "Pete" Knight Aerospace Highway.

This measure would designate a specified segment of State Highway Route 14 as the William J. "Pete" Knight Aerospace Highway. The measure would request the Department of Transportation to determine the cost of appropriate plaques and markers for this designation and, upon receiving donations from nonstate sources covering that cost, to erect those plaques and markers.

Fiscal committee: yes.

- 1 WHEREAS, William J. "Pete" Knight, a fighter pilot, test
- 2 pilot, astronaut, and legislator, still holds the world's speed record
- 3 for-winged powerful flight fixed wing aircraft; and
- WHEREAS, Born in Noblesville, Indiana in 1929, Knight
- 5 earned his commission and pilot wings through the aviation cadet
- 6 program in 1953. As a second lieutenant, Knight won the Allison
- 7 Trophy for his racing performance while flying the F-89 Scorpion

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in the Dayton National Air Show of 1954. In 1956, he attended the Air Force Institute of Technology and graduated two years later with a degree in aeronautical engineering. He continued his schooling by next attending the Air Force experimental test pilot training at Edwards Air Force Base, California; and

WHEREAS, Remaining at Edwards Air Force Base, Knight was involved in several flight test programs, including advanced testing of the F-100 Super Sabre. In 1960, he was one of five Air Force test pilots selected for the X-20 Dyna Soar Program, the technologies test project that led to the space shuttle development; and

WHEREAS, After cancellation of the X-20 Dyna Soar Program, Knight moved to the ongoing X-15 test program. In October 1967, he piloted the X-15A-2 to the speed of Mach 6.7. During this flight, the aircraft surface temperature exceeded 3,000 degrees Fahrenheit, resulting in serious structural problems. Despite these problems, he successfully maneuvered the X-15 to a flawless landing; and

WHEREAS, Knight next saw combat in Southeast Asia, flying F-100s at Phan Rang Air Base where he flew 253 combat missions. After his Vietnam tour, he was assigned to Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio, where he served as test director for evaluation and testing of the F-15 Eagle; and

WHEREAS, Following graduation from the Industrial College of the Armed Forces in 1973, Knight returned to Wright-Patterson Air Force Base as the F-4 System Program Office (SPO) Director. As a result of reorganization within the aeronautical systems division, he became the Director of the Fighter Attach SPO responsible for the development and production of several Air Force fighter aircraft. In 1979, he returned to Edwards Air Force Base as the Air Force Flight Center Vice-Commander where he served until retirement in 1982; and

WHEREAS, During his distinguished career, Knight accumulated more than 7,000 flying hours in over 100 different military and civilian aircraft; and

WHEREAS, Not satisfied with a quiet retirement, Pete Knight was elected to the Palmdale City Council in 1984 and was the first popularly elected mayor in 1988, serving in that capacity until 1992. He was then elected to the California State Assembly and served four years there. In 1996, he was elected to the California

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1 State Senate, where he served as Senator for the 17th Senate 2 District until the time of his passing; and

WHEREAS, During his tenure in the Senate, Pete Knight was known for his profamily, projob creation, and antitax voting record. Pete Knight was a tireless advocate for veterans and a leading voice in California's ongoing military base retention efforts. In 2002, he was honored to have a high school named after him by the local high school district in the Antelope Valley; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate thereof concurring, That the Legislature hereby designates the segment of State Highway Route 14, from the Pearblossom Highway to State Highway Route 395, as the William J. "Pete" Knight Aerospace Highway; and be it further

Resolved, That the Department of Transportation is requested to determine the cost of appropriate plaques and markers, consistent with the signing requirements for the state highway system, showing this special designation, and upon receiving donations from nonstate sources sufficient to cover that cost, to erect those plaques and markers; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies of this resolution to the Department of Transportation and to the author for appropriate distribution.